WATERBURY, CONN., THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1888.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

MR DUDLEY ON THE TARIFF. His Address Listened to By About Fifty Stalwarts.

There was not a large number present at Music hall last evening to hear the Hon Thomas H. Dudley, of New Jersey, talk on the tariff. Only about fifty loyal republi-cans were present, and even they failed to see the point in the speaker's argument. It was quarter past eight o'clock when D.
B. Hamilton, with a copy of the New York
Press in his hand, and followed by Mr

scanning and taken to the tombs, is laughting at the officers. When searched no money was found on her. Bail was placed at \$400. A man claiming to be her hus-Dudley, soberly marched up to the platform, and after offering an apology to the effect that the meeting had not been properly advertised, introduced the speaker as a man well versed with the subject.

Mr Dudley laid a mass of pamphlets down upon the desk and selecting one called the by-laws of the Cobden club, read extracts which he claimed were overtures to the American citizen, as this Cobden club was formed to introduce free trade in the United States. "This club," said Mr Dudley, "has for its members some of the greatest clergymen, lawyers and bankers, and no less than 210 meming at the time. All but two escaped. bers of parliament and with others the Bridget O'Meara jumped from a window chief justice of England and Mr Glad- and sustained probably fatal injuries. stone. The club had sent agents to this Catherine Sullivan was found by the firecountry to teach the doctrines of free men burned almost beyond recognition in trade. England was offering medals to an upper floor of the building. She will pupils in Yale, Harvard and Williams coldie. The loss to the building was \$400. leges for the best essays written upon the subject of free trade. Our neighbor, David H. Wells of Norwich, was a member of this club and in writing to the club, said that "the prospects were never better." If England should get ruled out of neutral markets and free trade be men were dragged 1,000 yards and Chidlon established in this country she would be was cut to pieces. His head was found

handsomely compensated. The speaker then went on to say that tariff reform wasn't free trade, and if we pass the Mills bill it will lead to free trade in a few years.

"We are enjoying a prosperity," continued the speaker, "that is unprecedented in the history of this world. Our manufactories are increasing, our railroads are spreading out and everything is going along nicely, but when you introduce free trads you take all this away. You give England her way and she will dig into the wages of our working people. President Cleveland raises the hue and cry about tariff reform. He wants to help the Cobden club. Yet I do not want to say anything unkindly about him, but any one who takes a public office leaves himself open to criticism.

But we do not want this country to be the dumping ground for England. That is the reason we want protection; in order that our laboring people can have all the labor, so we should take heed in time ballott Dr Goodsell was elected receiving and not let the flood gates of England be 320 out of 430 votes. opened upon us.

The president goes farther, for he says we must have things cheaper. Commodiwas lauded from one end of the land to the with variable winds. other. Why, he is the most popular man in England to-day, and if the English people could do it they would make him

The speaker gave several extracts from the duties on steel rails, and that if the duty is taken off it will ruin this great industry. That nobody but a few politicians were looking for the reduction and labor must suffer. The president fore-shadowed in his message that goods can be 127% bid; 416s, do., 10816 bid. brought cheaper from England. Our people are better clothed, educated and fed than any other country in the world, and to reduce the tariff means to take all these benefits away. The speaker concluded by hoping that protection will be maintained and that we will continue to be the most prosperous country on the earth.

STRANGER THAN FICTION." Returned Just too Late to Meet His Brother Alive.

Joseph and Sussman Rothchild, brothers, came to this country 40 years ago. Joseph located in New Haven, and Sussman, attracted by the gold excitement of the time, went to California, and in the course of years became a millionaire. It was 23 years ago that the brothers last met. Recently Sussman wrote that he was coming east and that he would not fix a date, as his brother's corpse was then on its way to the cemetery. The funeral cortege returned shortly after, and it was then Mr Rothchild introduced himself to his nieces and nephews and their children. The occasion, sad as it was, was made the more more sad. Tears came to the eyes of Mr Rothchild as he told the story of the long absence from his brother and the happiness he had expected in again meeting him. In return his nephew told of the anxiety his father had on his deathbed, of again seeing his brother before he died, and that he was uppermost in his thoughts during the last early hours they declined 14@2c., the latter in few hours of his life.

The Walter Thomas Benefit.

Encouraging indeed must have been the large and appreciative audience which greeted the young and talented actor, Mr Walter Thomas, as he stepped to the footlights in the New Britain opera house last evening, in the benefit tendered him by the Booth & Barrett combination. Long at a recovery of 14@36c. Spot lots closed dull before the curtain arose on the first act. every available seat in the house was occupied and standing room was at a premium. The play was Shakespeare's "Romeo and Juliet," with Mr Walter Thomas of New Britain and Miss Agnes Acres of New York in the title roles. That Mr Thomas was gifted with histrionic talents no one doubted, but not even his most intimate friends were prepared for the pleasing surprise he gave them in his rendition of that difficult character of Romeo. We, who knew him best and had followed his career from a school boy can now rejoice with him in his wonderful and surprising success. That his work in the Booth-Barrett combination is appreciated, was fully proven by the influence and endeavors of the two above named gentlemen to make the benefit tendered him a success. That it was a success both financially and dramatically, the large audience and the numerous plaudits can fully attest. We predict for Mr Thomas a brilliant future, and wish him every success and good fortune.

The Hartford Toll Bridge.

The commissioners on the condemnation of the Hartford toll bridge heard arguments yesterday, on the question of the of its property. The company is down in every direction. willing to settle for \$600,000.

See Rubey's adv., 2nd page. Spencer takes Children's Pictures before they have a chance to wink.

D. C. Callender & Co. have started a \$35.00 Watch club. We propose to give a full Jeweled American Watch in a 14 kt. gold filled case. Warranted for 20 years. An a ladies' 14 kt. solid gold American Watch on payment of \$1.00 per week, one drawing each week. Open to Ladies and Gentlemen, 1 and 3 Exchange Place.

BY PRESS NEWS ASSOCIATION.

AGAIN AT LIBERTY. A Notorious Shop Lifter Arrested and

Released on Bail. BOST N, May 24.-Mrs Myers, a notorious New York shop lifter, who was arrested in Havery's dry goods store yesterday for stealing and taken to the tombs, is laughband called at the tombs. When left together the woman stripped off a belt concealed under her clothes which contained \$396. The man gave her \$4 to make up the amount of bail and she is

now at liberty.

TWO WOMEN BURNED. A Fatal Morning Fire in a Rag Picking

Shop. NEW YORK, May 24.—Shortly before 11 o'clock this morning fire broke out in Hugh McGinnis' rag shop on Spring street. A dozen old women sorting rags in the build-

PITTSBURG, May 24.-Dick Ray and Police Officer Thomas Chidlon were instantly killed by an express train on the Pennsylvania railroad this morning. The fifty feet from other fragments of his body.

Medical Men in Session. NEW HAVEN, May 24.—The annual con vention of the Connecticut Medical society at the City hall is attended by about one hundred physicians, S, B. St John, of Hartford, read the annual report of the secretary. President Francis Bacon, of New Haven, delivered an able address.

In the Hog River. HARTFORD, May 24 .- A woman who gave her name as Mrs Mary Quinn, of Newington, jumped into the Park river about 8 o'clock last night. She was hauled out covered with mud and filth, and taken to the police station in the patrol wagon. Two Bishops Elected.

NEW YORK, May 24 .- At the Methodist conference to-day Dr Neuman was elected bishop on the fourteenth ballott, receiving

Weather Indications. For Friday, in eastern New York, eastern ties for our farmers are too high. This so Pennsylvania, New Jarsey and in New Engpleased the English press that his message | land, partly cloudy slightly warmer weather,

TRADE BULLETIN.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

New York, May 28 .- Money closed at 11/4 per cent., the lowest rate. The highest rate was 2 per cent. Exchange closed steady; posted rates, 4.87%@4.90; actual rates, 4.87@4.87% for 60 days and 4.89%@4.89% for demand. Governments fic railroad bonds closed as follows: Union firsts, 114@117; Union land grants, 102@105;

Union sinking funds, 120@123; Centrals, 114@116. Although the early London prices for American stocks showed an advance of % per cent. over the closing prices of yesterday in the New York market values did not respond here. Dealings were on a very limited scale throughout the morning, and little or nothing was done outside of a few stocks. Reading and St. Paul absorbed nearly all the speculative interest. Only 80,000 shares were sold during the morning, of which 73 per cent, were of the two stocks named. Fluctuations were confined within very narrow limits, and most of the list was down 16 to 16 per cent. t midday from the closing prices of yesterday. eading was down 56 per cent. The only stock noticeably strong was Northwestern, which was slightly higher on increased earnings for April. There was no increase in the volume of trading during the afternoon. Transactions dragged along in a listless way, and prices continued at about the figures current at noon. There is considerable talk of a bearish nature, but no one seemed disposed to sell the market short. Most he desired to surprise his brother. He ar- of the day's trading was done by the room tradrived Monday afternoon, only to learn that ers and smaller class of brokers. The weakest stocks on the list were New Jersey Central, Oregon Navigation, St. Paul, and St. Paul and Omaha. The decline in these stocks ranged from 11/8 to 13/4 per cent. The sales for the day amounted 167,588 shares.

New York, May 23 .- FLOUR-Closed dull and weak at slight concessions; winter wheat extra, \$3@5.40; Miunesota do., \$8@5.40; city mill extra, \$4.70@4.90; Ohio extra, \$3@5.25. Southern flour closed dull, but steady; common to choice extra, \$3.40@5.40,

WHEAT-Options were fairly active and irregular. Prices were in the main weak. During the June, but closed steady at a recovery of 1/4@94c. Spot lots closed dull at unchanged prices. Spot sales of No. 1 and 2 red state at 96c.; No. 2 red winter, 96c.; ungraded red, 93@95c.; No. red winter, May, 9476@9514c.; do., June, 9416@ 9476c.; do., July, 96c. CORN—Options were fairly active. May opened

134c. higher, and then broke 136c. The months opened %@%c. higher and declined 16@ %c. The changes were slight during the remainder of the day, and the market closed steady and unchanged. Spot sales of No. 2 mixed at 641/4c.; ungraded, do., 61/2651/4c.; No. 2 mixed, May, 64/2651/4c.; do., June, 635/4c. bid; do., July,

OATS-Options were dull, but firm, closing at 14@14c. advance. Spot lots closed firm and 1/4c. @43c.; No. 2 mixed, May, June and July, 3:c. RVE-Dull and unchanged.

PORK-Dull, but steady; old mess, \$14@\$14.50, LARD-Closed dull and weak; cash, \$8,90@ 88.95; May, \$8.91; June, \$8.83. BUTTER-Dull; state 2216@25; western, 19@

CHEESE-Dull; state new, 7@9c. EGGS—Quiet; state, 15%c.; western, 15@15%c. SUGAR—Raw dull and unchanged; fair refining, \$434c.; 96 test cen rifugal, 516c. Refined steady; cut loaf and crushed, 8c.; cubes and powdered, 7c.; granulated, 634c.; confectioners, 1A. 056c.; A standard, 634c.; coffee off A, 6 1-16c.; white extra C, 5%c.; extra C, 5%65%c.; yellow,

IDEAS FOR HEAD PIECES.

It is stated that so great is the demand for green hats the present season that dealers find it at times almost impossible to keep

The large Rembrandt hats are often dubbed "picture hats," and their wide brims are bent damage to the bridge company by the into every conceivable shape, turning up or heritage of the people, and must be reserved

> Among the most attractive of the season's bonnets are those of straw lace, which are nearly as delicate as some of the silk and and that the policy of the Republican party. thread hand wrought guipures.

As a variation of the bonnets composed wholly of straw, some of the newest are studded with mock pearl or emerald beads, or finished with rows of iridescent gimps.

Tulle will again be used upon the summer bonnets to veil the floral garnitures. It will also form entire bonnets, arranged in misty loops high in front, mingled with sprays of fine flowers, arranged to imitate aigrettes.

Pennsylvania Democratic State Convention at Harrisburg.

The Mills Bill Heartily Indorsed-J. Brewster McCallum Nominated for Supreme Court Judge - Allegheny and Philadelphia Delegates Oppose the Platform, but Are Overruled-The Delegates to the National Convention.

HARRISBURG, Pa., May 24.—The Demoopposition to Cleveland was discernable. A almost any length to sustain his tariff policy. Under a rule allowing a delegate to every 1,000 votes cast at the last election for govstate convention. The convention was called to order in the

opera house. The slate which Congressman

Speer for the race for delegate at large to the national convention. W. U. Hensel, ex-chairman of the Democratic state committee, was unanimously elected temporary chairman amid ap-

Scott mapped out

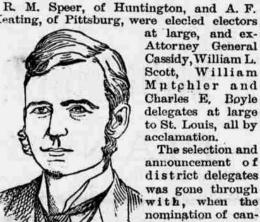
was changed slight-

ly by the with-

drawal of R. Milton

plause. His speech CONGRESSMEN SCOTT. was pitched for tariff reform. The president's revenue policy was warmly indorsed, as well as other conspicuous policies of the administration. There was much applause when Cleveland's name was mentioned. References to tariff reform were also greeted with enthusiasm. Senator Wallace was elected permanent chairman. He vigorously indorsed the administration and was often cheered. There was a storm of enthusiasm when Wallace mentioned the names of Cleveland, Hancock

and McClellan. R. M. Speer, of Huntington, and A. F. Keating, of Pittsburg, were elected electors at large, and ex-



Attorney General Scott, William Mutchler and Charles E, Boyle delegates at large to St. Louis, all by The selection and announcement of district delegates was gone through with, when the

didates for supreme CHAIRMAN WALLACE. judge was taken up. The names of John H. Baily, of Pittsburg; R. Bruce Petriken, of Huntingdon, and I. Brewster McCallum, of Susquehanna, were placed in nomination. Petriken and Baily withdrew, leaving McCallum the only candi date, who was nominated by acclamation. After the adoption of a resolution authorizing the state committee to name a candidate for the office of auditor general, made vacant by the death of Col. Norris, the convention adjourned.

During the intermission the committees on credentials and platform met in the capitol building. The contests in the Allegheny and Philadelphia delegations were arranged after

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an hour's fierce battle of words. In almost every instance the Scott people won, and were accordingly recognized. When the report of the committee on contested seats was presented and adopted in the convention it met with considerable opposition by the Alle-

gheny and Phila- THE LATE COL. NORRIS. delphia delegations, a number of whom left the hall in the midst of a shower of hisses. Dallas Sanders, of Philadelphia, attempted to introduce a minority report, but the chair declared the report out of order, and the

platform was adopted. When the committee on platform had reported Congressman Sowden opposed the provisions in the platform indorsing the Mills bill, and urging Democratic congressmen from Pennsylvania to support it. He was overwhelmingly outvoted in every instance. A substitute by Dallas Sanders, of Philadelphia, met a similar fate. The only votes against the platform were those of

Sowden and Sanders, The following is the platform adopted: "The Democratic party of Pennsylvania, by its representatives in convention assemoled, declares that revision of the tariff laws is necessary, with a view to their simplification, the correction of their incongruities and inequalities, the regulation of duties in such a manner as will put American industry on a firm and permanent basis, covering the difference between wages in this country and in foreign countries, the abolition of taxes on raw materials for manufacturers, and the relief of the people from useless and onerous

monopolies controlling the prices of the common necessaries of life, "That to this end, and that labor may be the more effectually protected in the enjoyments of its earnings and in steadiness and continuity of employment we give our most hearty and emphatic indorsement to the recommendations of President Cleveland's last annual message to congress, and as in line with the principles laid down in that message we commend to congress the prompt adoption of the revenue bill reported from the committee of ways and means and urge the Democratic representatives in congress from this state to give it

taxes, and from extortion by trusts and

their earnest and undivided support. "That the public lands are the common States; that no further land grants should be made to aliens on any account whatsoever. which has permitted the acquisition of title to vast areas by foreigners, as well as fraudulent entries for speculative purposes, deserves the severest condemnation, and that the courage and fidelity of the Democratic national administration in restoring to the public domain many millions of acres of land, forfeited under the terms of grants made by congress, merit the approval and gratitude of

the people.
"That the surplus in the Federal treasury

should be applied to the reduction of the principal and interest of the public debt, that the express authority should be given to the president by congress to purchase United States bonds in advance of their maturity until surplus shall have been exhausted, and that all schemes to deplete the treasury by which private individuals rather than the

public good would be subserved, and which are pressed upon congress by lobbyists, who are to receive a large share of appropriations UNANIMOUS FOR CLEVELAND. to be made in pursuance of such schemes, are to be made in pursuance of such schemes, are to be deprecated and condemned as erroneous in principle and corrupting in tendency. "That the country is to be congratulated

upon the maintenance of the dignity of the government abroad and of peace and tranquility at home, under the wise and patriotic administration of President Cleveland.

"The delegation this day chosen to repre sent the Democratic party of Pennsylvania in the Democratic national convention called to meet at St. Louis, June 5, is hereby incratic state convention held here yesterday structed to cast its united vote for the rewas very largely attended, and not the least nomination of the president. nomination of the president.

"That the large annual appropriations for large majority of the 367 delegates present pensions, now exceeding the entire cost of were not only harmoniously in favor of his the Federal government before the civil war, renomination, but were willing to go to are due to the fact that a Democratic congress passed the arrearages of pension bill; that the pensions paid under the present Democratic administration are almost double ernor, there were 163 more delegates in the in amount those paid under Republican adconvention than there were in the Republican ministrations, and that the Democratic party favors a just and proper pension act, which shall do ample justice to all deserving volunteer soldiers and sailors of the United States now living, and to the widows and orphans of such as have died from causes traceable to their service under the flag of their country. containing less than 200 acres, the increase in

"That the decrease in the number of farms the same containing more than 1,000 acres, and the consequent decrease in the number of independent farmers and the increase in the number of tenant farmers, shows an alarming tendency toward a centralization of land titles in the hands of speculative capitalists, due to systems of Federal and state taxation which bear in disproportioned severity upon agriculture, and which must be corrected if the actual operative farmer is not to become a helpless dependent.
"That the Republican party is justly re-

sponsible for the failure of the late legislature to give relief to the taxpayers by the enactment of an equitable and judicious revenue law, and that the scandal connected with the failure of the revenue to become a law should work a forfeiture of all claims of that party to legislate for the people of the commonwealth.

"That the present state administration is to be condemned for its failure to enforce the provisions of the constitution against the consolidation of corporations, and the action of the last Republican legislature in the defeat of the bill for the relief of producers and refiners of oil, known as the Billingsley bill, was in the interest of monopoly, and opposed Cassidy, William L. to the interests of the people of that large section of the state for whose relief the bill w intended.

"That the Democratic party sympathize with the oppressed of all nations, and sends greeting to the patriotic supporters of Parnell. Gladstone and Davitt in their efforts to establish home rule for Ireland. "That while the material benefits which

this country has received from immigration are not to be disputed, the importation of foreign labor under contract, and the landing of foreign paupers and criminals on American soil should be strictly and effect-ually prohibited. "That it is recommended to the delega-

tion this day chosen to the Democratic national convention that when two-thirds of the delegation so agree its vote shall be cost as a unit on all matters submitted to the convention."

After the adoption of resolutions in memory of Jacob H. Zeigler, of Butler county, and Auditor General Norris, together with a resolution authorizing the state committee to nominate at the proper time a candidate for auditor general, the convention adjourned

FOR GOVERNOR OF ILLINOIS.

Memocrats Nominate John G. Palmer SPRINGFIELD, Ills., May 24.—The Democratic state convention was called to order here yesterday. William R. Morrison, W. C. Goudy, J. E. Ewing and N. E. Worthington were elected delegates at large to the St. Louis convention.

The committee on resolutions presented the platform, which was unanimously adopted. It indorses President Clevelan's administration, and expresses admiration for his recent message to congress upon tariff revision, calls upon congress to make provisions for the construction of national water ways between the lakes and the Mississippi river, and requests the national convention to make this question a part of its declaration and platform; opposes the holding of lands in the United States by non-resident foreigners; favors governmental inquiry into the cause of the present disturbed condition of the industrial world, and denounces legislation restricting immigration. A resolution was also adopted thanking the president for the honor conferred upon Illinois by the selection of Melville W. Fuller as clifef justice of the supreme court of the United States.

The first ballot for governor resulted: Ex-Governor John G. Palmer, 567; ex-Land Commissioner Sparks, 210; Judge Tuley and Assistant Postmaster General Stevenson, 1. Governor Palmer's nomination was made

Andrew J. Bell was nominated for lieutanant governor by acclamation. The remainder of the ticket is as follows: Auditor, Andrew Welch; treasurer, Charles H. Walker; attorney general, Jacob R. Creighton: secretary of state, Douglas Ricks,

REPUBLICANS CHEER FOR BLAINE Carolina Delegates to Chicago

Elected in Raleigh. RALEIGH, May 24.—The state Republican convention met yesterday, and was called to order by C. E. Cook, of Warren county. The temporary chairman ruled that the committee on credentials must be appointed and report before the chairman could be elected. The committee was appointed and retired While out the committee was addressed by several prominent Republicans. The convention enthusiastically cheered every mention

of Blaine's name. The committee on credentials reported eighty-five counties represented. A spirited contest for chairmanship between James E. Boyd, of Greensboro, and Judge D. L. Rus seli, of New Hanover, resulted in the alection of Boyd by a vote of 102 to 101. George R. Mebane (colored) and John Dancy (colored) were made secretaries. O. H. Docktage of the people, and must be reserved ney was nominated for governor, and J. C. Pritchard, of Madison county, for lieutenant

> North Carolina Democrats. North Carolina Democrata.
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> RALEIGH, May 24.—The Democratic convention of the Third congressional district was held at Goldsboro yesterday. Charles A. McClammy, of Scott's Hill, was renominated for congress by acclamation. The following were chosen delegates to the national convention: S. B. Taylor, of Jacksonville county, and H. E. Faison, of Clinton; alternates, W. E. Murchison, of Fayetteville, and Henry Weill, of Goldsboro. C. B. Aycock, of Goldsboro, was nominated for elector. Alfred M. Waddell was indorsed for elector at large, President Cleveland's policy was unanimously indorsed.

Alleged Frauds in the Methodist Conference Election.

DR. I. W. JOYCE CHOSEN BISHOP.

He Is an Ohio Man, and Has Never Held a Higher Church Office Than That of Elder-Drs. Goodsell and Newman Competitors for Next Place.

New York, May 24.—The election ma-

chinery of the Methodist Episcopal church

turned out another bishop yesterday in the person of Rev. I. W. Joyce, D. D., of Cincinnati. Dr. Joyce received 326 of the 449 votes cast, or twenty-six more than the number necessary to a choice. Upon the announcement of Dr. Joyce's election the balloting was resumed, and continued throughout the session. An intimation

a warning against a repetition of the offense, served to give spice to proceedings that were otherwise somewhat tedious. Bishop Bowman stated that it was believed the number of votes cast had, in one instance at least, exceeded the number of voters present. This was in the third ballot, which re-

sulted in the election of Bishops Vincent and

that fraud had been practiced, coupled with

Four hundred and fifty-nine votes were cast, but that number exceeds the number of delegates who are actually present in the city. In subsequent ballots the vote was very much less. The discrepancy, however, was not sufficient to invalidate the election. Despite Bishop Bowman's warning there

were found among the tickets deposited in the seventh ballot yesterday pretty clear evidences of a purpose to perpetuate frauds. Dr. John P. Newman was the central figure in the contest yesterday. He led in every ballot, and each time his vote was greater

than before; indeed, he has gained from the

start, except in one instance, Never more than five votes behind Dr. Newman, and once on an equality with him, was the Rev. Dr. D. A. Goodsell, and it looked very much as if these two were to be chosen for the bishoprics not yet bestowed. The Rev. Isaac W. Joyce, D. D., who was

elected bishop yesterday, was born in Hamilton county, O., about fifty years ago. He was admitted to the Northwest Indiana conference in 1859, and has never held any office in the church other that of presiding elder. His success in the pastorate began with his appointment to a charge at Greencastle, Ind., the seat of De Pauw university. Here he became very popular with the students. Since 1880 now in his second term as pastor of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church in that city. He was a delegate to the general conference in 1880, and is a member of the present conference. He received his literary degree from Indiana Asbury university and was made a doctor of divinity by Dickinson college.

The Turnerbund Adjourns. CHICAGO, May 24.—The convention of the North American Turnerbund closed yesterday afternoon. It was expected there would be a lively discussion of the liquor question, but nothing of the kind occurred, the session being principally taken up with routine business. Turner Nedelhorst desired the statement to be made public that the Transport of the country did not in any sense approve of the principles of Anarchy, with which the name of the association had of late been unfortunately connected.

Testifying Againss Barclay Peak. Mr. Holly, N. J., May 24.—The trial of Barclay Peak, for murder, was resumed. William Anderson took the stand for the state, his testimony being expected to lay the foundation for the introduction of the dying statement of Katie Anderson. William Mitcraft was examined chiefly as to the identification of the revolver, which he traded to Peak. The testimony thus far presented has not been materially different from that which was heard on the former trial.

Methodist Book Concern Corner Stone. NEW YORK, May 24.—The corner stone of the new building for the Methodist Book Concern, at Fifth avenue and Twentieth street, was laid yesterday with religious ceremonies, Bishop Bowman, Gen. Clinton B. Fisk, Bishop Foss and other church dignitaries conducting the services in the presence of a large crowd, including 500 delegates of the Methodist Episcopal conference,

A Great Day for Princeton PRINCETON, N. J., May 24.—Saturday will be a great day here. The Presbyterian general assembly will be in session; Mrs. Cleveland will be in town, and the Yale-Princeton basball game will be played. Great crowds are expected to arrive from the surrounding cities and the country. Mrs. Cleveland will be tendered a reception by Dr. McCosh and Professor Mageand.

Death of Newport's Oldest Citizen. NEWPORT, R. I., May 24.—Judge Joseph Joslin died yesterday, aged 95 years. He was Newport's oldest citizen and the oldest graduate of Brown university, being a member of the class of 1814.

Gen. Sheridan Much Better. WASHINGTON, May 24.—Gen. Sheridan is very much better. His complete recovery is

CONDENSED NEWS

A trackman named Sullivan was run over and killed in the New York Central yards at

Fire in the village of Victor, Orleans county, N. Y., caused a loss of \$40,000, destroying several stores and dwellings. Professor Harrison E. Webster, of the Rochester university, has been elected president of Union college.

The American institute of instruction will meet in Newport, R. I., on June 9. Distinguished educators will read papers. Two brothers, named Fuhrmann, were found lying dead in their room in St. Louis. It is supposed that they committed saicide.

A mass meeting of the locked out brewers and their sympathizers was held in New York. The boss brewers' pool was denounced, and it was resolved that organization of workingmen, with a view to changing the government, is their only salvation. Until this can be effected it was resolved that all workingmen should refrain from voting for any candidate of the existing corrupt parties. | capital stock amounts to \$150,100; net liabili-Over 15,000 people wi

Lord Lansdowne for England The third annual field day of the Schuylkill navy club took place in Philadelphia No records were broken.

The Empire Condensed Milk factory at St Johnsville, N. Y., was burned. Loss, \$8,000. Mrs. Anna Bryant, aged 17 years, was nurdered in her home near Curtis, Mo., by her father, named Greenwood.

Two railroad trains were thrown into the ditch near Kansas City, Mo. Four men were killed, and two injured.

TRAGEDY IN CLEVELAND.

William McFarland Shoots His Wife and Child and Attempts Suicide. CLEVELAND, May 24.—William J. McFarland, a laborer, employed by the Standard Oil company, residing at 1,459 Forest street, shot his wife and child and attempted suicide

yesterday afternoon.

For sometime past he has desired to go back to Ireland, but his wife opposed it. She is the owner of considerable property, and her refusal to sell it caused domestic difficulty. McFarland was seen in several saloons during the afternoon and was under the influence of ligures when he attended the influence of liquor when he returned home. Shortly after he entered the house a young girl next door to the McFarlands was startled by hearing three pistol shots in rapid succession. She ran into McFarland's yard, and was just in time to help Mrs. McFarland escape through a front window. The woman had been shot twice through the body, just above the abdomen, and was removed to St.

Alexis' hospital. McFarland's innocent little 3-year-old laughter was next turned upon and shot in

the arm and through the body. The murderer then placed the smoking weapon to his own breast and shot himself He was found bleeding from a terrible wound just over the heart. No hopes are entertained of saving the lives of any of the three. They had lived happily until the question of returning to Ireland came up, and McFarand has borne a good reputation.

PRESBYTERIAN CENTENNIAL.

President Cleveland Tells the Delegates at Philadelphia About His Early Teachings and Advises Unity.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.—At yesterday's session of the Presbyterian general assembly the committee on bills and overtures presented a report. The centennial celebration of the assembly began in the afternoon with a reception at the Overbrook homestead of Mr. and Mrs. Wistar Morris, where the president and Mrs. Cleveland were entertained, together with the commissioners from the Northern and Southern general assemblies of the Presbyterian church. The president and Mrs. Cleveland reached Overbrook about 3:30 p. m., where they were met by Rev. and Mrs. Charles Wood, of Germantown, and were immediately conducted to the residence, where the reception was held. They were followed shortly afterward by the commissioners of the Southern assembly, who also came on a special train from Baltimore. The reception took place between 4 and 6

clock. The delegates were welcomed in a short speech by Mr. Morris. Rev. Dr. Bullock, the moderator of the Southern assembly and ex-chaplain of the United States senate, offered prayer.

as follows: "I am very much gratified by the opportu- service platform?

tives of the Presbyterian church. "Surely a man should never lose his interest in the welfare of the church in which he made when I acknowledge that I must recall the days now long past to find my closest relation to the grand and noble denomination tion, which was referred, providing for which you represent. I say this because medals for officers and enlisted men of the which you represent. I say this because those of us who inherit fealty to our church, as I did, begin early to learn those things which make us Presbyterians all the days of our lives; and thus it is that the rigors of our early teaching, by which we are grounded in each Sunday, and upon Sabbath school dur- moved that the senate adjourn. ing the noon intermission, may be irksome | The motion was agreed to and the senate enough to a boy 10 or 12 years of age to be adjourned. well fixed in his memory; but I have never known a man who regretted these things in

the years of his maturity. "Speaking of these things and in the pres-ence of these here assembled, the most tender thoughts crowd upon my mind-all connected with Presbyterianism and its teaching. There are present with me now memories of a kind and affectionate father consecrated to the cause, and called to his rest and his reward in the midday of his usefulness-a sacred recollection of the prayers and pious love of a sainted mother and a family circle hallowed and sanctified by the spirit of

Presbyterianism. "I certainly cannot but express the wish and hope that the Presbyterian church will always be at the front in every movement which promises the temporal as well as the spiritual advancement of mankind. In the turmoil and the bustle of every day life few men are foolish enough to ignore the practical value to our people and our country of the church organizations established among us and the advantage of Christian example and teaching.

"The field is vast and the work sufficient to engage the efforts of every sect and denomination; but I am inclined to believe that the church which is most tolerant and conservative, without loss of spiritual strength, will soonest find the way to the hearts and affections of the people." "I am here to greet the delegates of two

general assemblies of the Presbyterian church. One is called "North" and the other "South." The subject is too deep and intricate for me, but I cannot help wondering why this should be. These words, as they denote separation and estrangement, should be obsolete. Even the soldiers who fought for the north and for the south are restored to fraternity and unity. This fraternity and unity is taught and enjoined by our church. When she herself shall be united, with all the added strength and usefulness, the harmony and union shall

Pitcher Foreman Badly Hurt. BUFFALO, May 24.—A serious accident police protection. No trouble occurred, the appened Pitcher Foreman, of the Albany strikers acting with great moderation. club, in the fourth inning of the Buffalo-Albany game yesterday. Lohrne was at the bat and sent up a fly directly over the plate. Both Foreman and Catcher Quinn ran for it. Evidently neither saw the other approach, for just as the ball descended into Foreman's ands Quinn collided with him. Foreman held on to the ball, but rolled over immediately after. A doctor was called and the third floors. The foreman felt the building pitcher was removed to the Fitch hospital, shake, and ordered the men to come down, where he is being cared for. The doctors at but before they could do so the building fell, the hospital say that so far as they could as carrying the foreman, Daniel Mahony, and

Bridge Builders Assign. PITTSBURG, May 24.—The firm of D. W. C. Carroll & Co., limited, operating the Fort Pitt Boiler and Bridge works, in this city, made a general assignment for the benefit of creditors to William R. Errett. The firm's \$40,000. The plant is val stration in Ottawa over the departure of on which there is a mortgage for \$31,000. The firm has some large contracts on hand and the creditors will not lose a cent.

Two Wool Firms Burned Out,

total loss of the above firms will reach \$50,000.

The stock of several adjoining stores was badly damaged by water. badly damaged by water.

Cleveland's Chances Discussed in a House Debate.

MEMBER DOCKERY'S PROPHECY.

Mr. Cleveland-Another Dull Day in the Senate-Only an Hour and Twenty

WASHINGTON, May 24.-The time of the house yesterday was taken up in discussing the postoffice appropriation bill. Final action

The house passed senate bills granting right of way through the Lac de Flambeau Indian reservation, in Wisconsin, to the Mil-waukee, Lake Shore and Western Railroad company, and authorizing the Leavenworth City and Fort Leavenworth Water company to purchase a portion of the Fort Leaven-worth military reservation. The house then went into committee of the whole on the postoffice appropriation bill.

Mr. Blount explained that the bill carried

an appropriation of \$60,035,840, or an increase of \$4,341,190 for the current fiscal year, made necessary by the enlargement of the service. Of this sum \$650,607 is appropriated for light and fuel at third class offices, an increase of \$550,000 for clerks in postoffices and an increase of \$777,500 for the free delivery service.

Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, criticized it, saying that the present administration had discriminated against the western country. Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts, thought that the government was paying the railroads \$5,000,000 or \$6,000,000 a year more than it

During the discussion Mr. Belden, of New York, remarked that the trouble with the postoffice department lay in the civil service reform policy.

Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, said that he was in favor of the doctrine that the party in power should be responsible to the people. Mr. Bingham, of Pennsylvania, said that the gentleman was in accord with the administration in his views on civil service reform. Almost all the postmasters in the country had been changed. Mr. Dockery said that the gentleman would

find before November came that all the wings of the Democratic party would be flapping together and that the Democratic party would re-elect Grover Cleveland, notwithstanding that some of us may not agree President Cleveland then made an address, with him in regard to civil service reform. Mr. Kerr-Will you elect him on a civil

no trouble about that. We will elect him. (Laughter.) was reared, and yet I will not find fault with dull and brief, only one hour and twenty any of you who deem it a sad confession minutes being occupied in the transaction of business in both regular and secret session.

Mr. Dockery-Oh! I suppose so. There is

three months service in 1861. The senate, on motion of Mr. Sherman, went into secret session.

Mr. McPherson introduced a joint resolu-

The doors were reopened at 1:20, and after some routine business had been disposed of our lasting allegiance, are especially vivid Mr. Spooner rose and, referring to the death and perhaps the best common of the wife of Senator Sawyer, said that as tendance upon church service three times senators desired to attend the funeral, he

A BARON IN DISGUISE. The Romantic Story of a Nobleman Who Gave Up Home and Kindred for Love. ECONOMY, Pa., May 24. - Emil Kreitmeyer, who has been employed here for some time past as a farm laborer, has astonished the community by announcing that his real name is the Baron von Kreitmeyer, and that he has just come into possession of vast estates in Oberand Maulbronn, kingdom of

Wurtenberg, Germany. The story of Kreitmeyer's life, as told to a reporter, is of the most romantic nature. Having formed a mesalliance with a peasant girl near his home in Germany, he fled to this country to avoid the maledictions of his relations, bringing the young woman, whom he had married, with him. The young wife

died on the passage, after giving birth to a stillborn child. On arriving in New York he joined the army, and after serving during the war was honorably discharged after Lee's surrender. locality, where he has been employed in farm work. He leaves to-day for New York, whence he will sail, on Saturday, for Ant-

werp. Kreitmeyer is about 45 years old. A Victory for Rochester Car Drivers. ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 24.-The strike of the street car drivers was settled yesterday, with a substantial victory for the strikers. The agreement made and signed on behalf of the men and the company is that eleven and one-half hours shall constitute a full day's work, to be done in thirteen hours consecutively; for reliefs, twelve hours work, within fourteen hours. The pay will be \$1.60 for the first three months and \$1.75 for the next twelve months, and thereafter \$2 per day. Extra work on snow plows will be paid at the rate of twenty-five cents per hour; all other overtime twenty cents per hour. No dismissals shall take place without cause. There are in all fourteen clauses to the agreement. There were five cars run out yesterday under

Burled Under Falling Walls. New York, May 24.-A building at the corner of Broadway and John streets, in the course of demolition, caved in last night, burying five men in the ruins. The fourth floor had been entirely removed, and men were at work tearing down the second and certain he will come out all right, unless he four others with it to the cellar. Mahony is injured internally, which cannot be told was taken out dead, and the four others, named Cornelius O'Leary, John Sullivan, James Lynch and James Sweeny, were seriously injured, and removed to the Chambers street hospital. The accident was apparently due to extreme baste and lack of precaution in the work of demolition. The contractor has been arrested.

Afraid of Broker Hatch's Ghost. NEW YORK, May 24.—Mrs. Lillian Scoffeld added another chapter to the Hatch scandal last night. She tried to force Mr. Scofield to enter the house 64 West Twentieth street, where Hatch was killed. Scoffeld refused PHILADELPHIA, May 24.—The five story building at No. 20 Letitia street, occupied on the first, second and third floors by Miller & was intoxicated, and her boisterous actions Tattersfield, wool dealers, and on the fourth drew a crowd. She called on a policeman to and fifth floors by Miller & Co,, also dealers in wool, was entirely destroyed by fire. The officer took Scofield to the station, where